

# Funcas Coronavirus Survey (8<sup>th</sup> wave)

## Sample

1346 residents in Spain (Peninsula, Balearic and Canary Islands)  
18 and older

## Survey technique

Telephone survey (CATI system): 57%  
landline phone and 43% mobile phone

## Dates

January 11 to 22, 2021

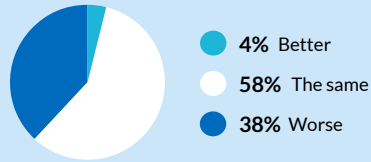
## Field work

IMOP Insights

[Access to report \(Spanish\)](#)

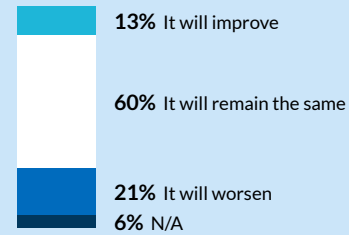
## HOUSEHOLD'S ECONOMIC SITUATION

Compared to how it was before the pandemic, it's now...



Worse: 18-24 yrs 43%  
25-34 yrs 48%  
65+ yrs 28%

From now until summer...

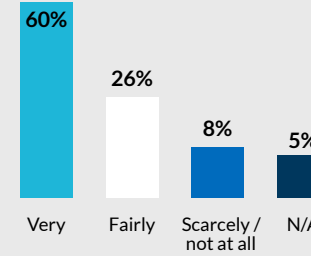


It will improve: 18-34 yrs 22%  
55-64 yrs 8%  
65+ yrs 4%

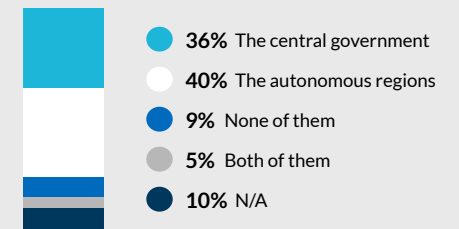
n = 1346

## EUROPEAN ECONOMIC FUNDS

How important are they to overcome the economic crisis?



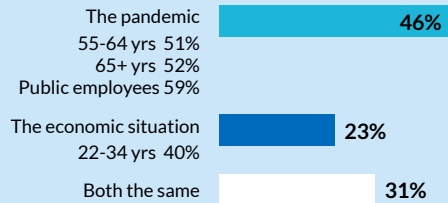
Who should manage them?



The autonomous regions: 18-24 yrs 52%  
25-44 yrs 47%  
55+ yrs 32%

n = 1346

## MORE CONCERNED WITH...

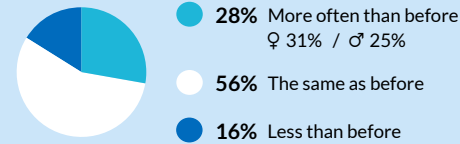


55-64 yrs 51%  
65+ yrs 52%  
Public employees 59%

22-34 yrs 40%

n = 1346

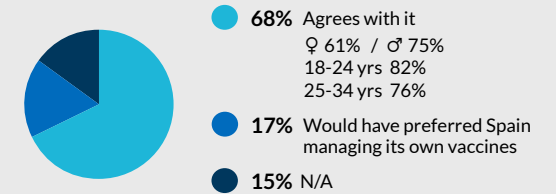
## SPEAKING WITH CLOSE RELATIVES (not living in the house)



♀ 31% / ♂ 25%

n = 1346

## MANAGEMENT OF THE VACCINES BY THE EU



♀ 61% / ♂ 75%  
18-24 yrs 82%  
25-34 yrs 76%

n = 1346

## EVALUATION OF HEALTH CARE

### Evaluation of primary health care



Positive evaluation increases if interviewees have needed health care related with coronavirus (Very good/good 50%)

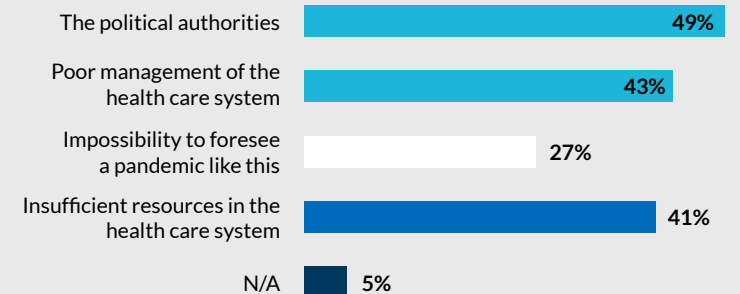
### Evaluation of hospital care



Positive evaluation increases if interviewees have needed health care related with coronavirus (Very good/good 58%)

n = 1346

### The poor performance of the health care system can be attributed primarily to...



n = 560